

pplied geoscience for our changing Earth

3D geological modelling use and application. Case study of the Abu Dhabi Urban area

Ricky Terrington (British Geological Survey)

Geotechnica ME, Doha, Qatar 7th/8th November 2012

Introduction

- 3D Geological Modelling at the BGS
- Applications of 3D Geological Modelling
- Case Study Abu Dhabi
- Future of 3D geoscience modelling
- Demonstration of Abu Dhabi 3D geological Model



3D geological modelling – what is it

Geological modelling captures the Geologist's visions, concepts and understanding of underlying geological processes

A geological model synthesises all available data and knowledge for a given area in 3 dimensions to produce a consistent local and national geological lithostratigraphic framework

Just like its predecessor the 2D geological map, geological models need to be parameterised to make them useful and delivered in a suitable medium to make them usable.



Out of sight.....



...should not be 'out of mind'



The geological modelling workflow

Geological objects



Interactive section drawing in GSI3D – the expert decides...



Geological Modelling in 2012



knowledge at the British Geological Survey using GSI3D software and methodology. Computers & Geosciences, 35,

3D geological model applications

se

- Assessment of ground conditions
- Groundwater management
- Urban and infrastructure planning
- Utility Management
- Geohazard assessment
- Waste disposal
- Environmental regulation
- Soil science
- Education and public dissemination
- Geological research



The Abu Dhabi Model

The help and collaboration involving many partners including:

- Federal Ministry of Energy, Department of Geology and Mineral Resources
- Abu Dhabi Municipality
- Abu Dhabi Sewerage Services Company (ADSSC)
- Abu Dhabi Airports Company (ADAC)
- ALDAR, TDIC, ADTA

 Consultants and contractors including CH2MHILL, Atkins Global, Fugro, ACES, Mott Macdonald and Halcrow

Abu Dhabi Urban Project area







Borehole data

- 9673 unique borehole records collected and processed
- 6453 contained downhole geological and/or geotechnical information
- ~ 1000 boreholes interpreted and coded manually
- ~ 2400 boreholes used to create the 3D geological model



Digital Elevation Model (DEM)







Geology	Model Unit Code	Lithostratigraphy	Lithology	
Superficial (Quaternary) deposits	build	Not applicable	Buildings typically >100 m elevation	
	mgr	Made Ground	Sand with common gravel	
	mat	Abu Dhabi Formation (algal mat)	Organic clay and silt	
	mat_t	Abu Dhabi Formation (algal mat lens)	Organic clay and silt	
	ad	Abu Dhabi Formation (undifferentiated)	Bioclastic sand	
	aes	Aeolian Sand	Sand	
	mar	'Saadiyat' Formation	Bioclastic limestone	
	ghay	Ghayathi Formation	Sandstone	
	hili	Hili Formation	Sandstone and conglomerate	

Geology	Model Unit Code	Lithostratigraphy	Description		
Bedrock	bay	Baynunah Formation	Silty sandstone and siltstone		
	mdst_1	Gachsaran Formation	Variably calcareous mudstone and siltstone		
	gyps_1	Gachsaran Formation	Mainly crystalline gypsum		
	mdst_2	Gachsaran Formation	Variably calcareous mudstone and siltstone		
	gyps_2	Gachsaran Formation	Mainly crystalline gypsum		
	mdst_3	Gachsaran Formation	Variably calcareous mudstone and siltstone		
	gyps_3_t	Gachsaran Formation	Mainly crystalline gypsum		
	gyps_4	Gachsaran Formation	Mainly crystalline gypsum		
	mdst_4	Gachsaran Formation	Variably calcareous mudstone and siltstone		
	gyps_5	Gachsaran Formation	Mainly crystalline gypsum		
	mdst_5	Gachsaran Formation	Variably calcareous mudstone and siltstone		
	gyps_6	Gachsaran Formation	Mainly crystalline gypsum		
	mdst_6	Gachsaran Formation	Variably calcareous mudstone and siltstone		
	daml	Dam Formation? facies	Bioclastic sandstone or limestone		
Voids	Void 1 to 5	Cavities	Voids proved in boreholes		
a NEDC All sights recorded					

	Grain size	Strength/density	Lithostratigraphy	Engineering class
Soil	COARSE and OTHER MATERIAL (mainly sand)	Loose to very dense	Made Ground (mgr)	ENG1
	COARSE	Loose to dense	Abu Dhabi Formation (ad), Aeolian Sand	ENG2
	FINE	Generally stiff to very stiff	Abu Dhabi Formation algal mat (mat and mat_t)	ENG3
Soil & Rock	COARSE, calcareous	Moderately dense to very dense, extremely weak to weak	Ghayathi Formation (ghay), Hili Formation (hili)	ENG4a and ENG 4b
	COARSE and FINE	Moderately dense to very dense, extremely weak to weak	Baynunah Formation (bay)	ENG5
Rock	COARSE or LIMESTONE	Extremely weak to weak	Saadiyat Formation (mar), Dam Formation? Facies (dam)	ENG6
	MIXED FINE and MINERAL	Very weak to strong	Gachsaran Formation (mdst 1 to 6)	ENG7
	MINERAL	Weak to strong	Gachsaran Formation (gyps 1 to 6)	ENG8
	Void		Void	ENG9

Quaternary geology



Artificial Ground

- Made Ground (including engineered fill)
- Associated with land reclamation and site development



- Grey sand with common gravel of rock fragments and shells
- Very common and widespread



Abu Dhabi Formation

- Bioclastic sand, silty sand, organic clay and silt
- Complex sequence of subtidal, intertidal and supratidal marine sediments forming a transgressiveregressive cycle
- It includes, lagoonal, beach-barrier, oolite shoal, tidal delta, channel, wash-overs and algal mat
- It is undivided in the 3D model except for organic clay and silt (algal mat deposits)



'Saadiyat' Formation

- Light grey, bioclastic limestone (packstone) with common gastropods and bivalves generally <0.6m thick
- Commonly described in borehole logs as calcarenite







Ghayathi Formation

- Silty, calcareous, cross-bedded and cross-laminated fine- to medium-grained sandstone
- Comprise cemented palaeodunes 'aeolianite'
- Often form elongate east-west trending ridges or isolated zeugen







Hili Formation

- Mainly red and reddish brown sandstone and conglomerate
- Fluvio-aeolian sandstone, quartzrich with common beds and lenses of well-sorted and trough crossbedded conglomerate







Baynunah Formation

- Mottled, red, grey and greenishgrey, interbedded siltstone, sandstone and sand
- Comprise cemented palaeodunes 'aeolianite'
- Common rhizoconcretions







Gachsaran Formation

- Interbedded sequence of variably calcareous mudstone and siltstone with gypsum
- Gypsum present as nodules, beds and lenses
- Up to 6 major gypsum beds identified in the Abu Dhabi Urban area







Cavities

- The location of cavities (voids) recorded in 539 borehole records shown in the Abu Dhabi 3D
- Many records have multiple, downhole instances of cavities
- This does not represent all instances of cavities in the Abu Dhabi urban area



Cavities in boreholes collected for project only. Many other boreholes and instances of cavities are likely to exist





3D Geological Model

- Constructed using GSI3D[™]
- ~2400 boreholes correlated to produce 76 cross-sections
- 22 geological units were correlated and calculated
- 3D geological model delivered in the LithoFrame Viewer for visualisation
- GIS data exported from model includes shapefiles and raster grids







Live Demonstration of The Abu Dhabi Model





Data integration and visualisation

- GIS output of shapefiles and raster grids
- Integration with below ground and above ground information systems
- Integration with environmental spatial information
- Export to 3D PDF, Google Earth
- Export to customised visualisation systems -GeoVisionary



A Look Into The Future

Development of Bedrock Modelling



An integrated surface and subsurface management system



Will the subsurface under major cities become regulated?



Linking models and predictive scenarios



Examples of recent progress towards the use of the Environmental Modelling Platform for scenario planning

http://www.bgs.ac.uk/services/3Dgeology/ home.html

www.geovisionary.com

www.gsi3d.org

GSI3D - Wikipedia

